

# When things go wrong – conducting research during a pandemic

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ICA Workshop on Adaptable Research Methods For Empirical Research with Map Users

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# Intended study

- YouthMetre project → shape EU youth strategy
- Digital participation/collaboration mapping platform
- Workshop series in schools in Italy with 200-300 students
- March – April 2020
- Objectives (developed in fall 2019):
  - Field survey to test the tools' usability with these students
  - Evaluate the relationship between user context and map design usability

# Intended study

- Material:
  - 84 different maps
  - Combination of different map-reading tasks, base map styles, information densities, time pressure components
  - All maps were centered on Abruzzi region, Italy
- Between-subjects design
- Online survey in Italian, integrated in the participation platform

Attuali positivi

524.417

Incremento  
-8.588

Dati Andamento

Dimessi / Guariti

3.140.565

Incremento  
18.010

Dati Andamento

Deceduti

114.612

Incremento  
358

Dati Andamento

Totale casi

3.779.594

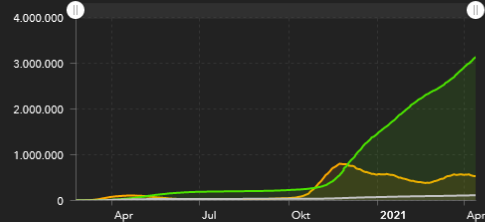
Incremento  
9.789

Dati Andamento

Altri dati e informazioni

- Aggiornamento dati sanitari [storico]
- Infografica epidemiologica ISS
- Sorveglianza settimanale Regioni
- Aggiornamento nazionale ISS

Andamento nazionale



Nuovi positivi



Positivi Variazione



Regioni - attuali positivi

Province - casi totali



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 Scheda metadati RNDI: dati - aree  
 Termini del dataset: Salute umana e sicurezza (Inspire) - ISO 19115: Salute  
 Dati forniti dal Ministero della Salute  
 Elaborazione e gestione dati a cura del Dipartimento della Protezione Civile

Download schede e dati:  
 - Scheda riepilogo PDF  
 - Dati CSV / JSON  
 - Shape aree  
 - Metadati

Regioni - totale casi, attuali e incremento

Lombardia:	767.910	(72.687)	(997)
Veneto:	395.794	(31.687)	(587)
Campania:	358.426	(91.166)	(1.386)
Emilia-Romagna:	352.131	(66.433)	(1.151)
Piemonte:	327.212	(27.661)	(636)
Lazio:	302.775	(52.068)	(1.057)
Puglia:	211.345	(51.576)	(815)
Toscana:	209.923	(27.631)	(715)
Sicilia:	187.597	(23.709)	(1.110)
Friuli Venezia Giulia:	101.491	(10.987)	(82)
Liguria:	94.238	(7.733)	(306)


Regioni Province

Note

12/4/2021

La Regione Abruzzo comunica che dal totale dei positivi è stato sottratto 1 caso dei giorni scorsi in quanto duplicato. La Regione Emilia Romagna comunica che sono stati eliminati 8 casi già comunicati come casi confermati, di cui 3 casi positivi a test antigenico ma non confermati da tampone molecolare e 5 casi comunicati nei giorni precedenti, in quanto giudicati non casi COVID-19.

# Problems and how I tackled them

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Decrease in communication with other researchers and project partners</li></ul>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Can I actually conduct the study?</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Yes, delay of a few months</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Participant recruitment?</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Participant recruitment through University newsletters, student email lists, and social media</li></ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Change study design? Change research questions?</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Switched from field survey to online survey</li><li>✓ Translated the survey to German</li><li>✓ Kept everything else as it was designed</li></ul>

# Consequences of pivot

- Online survey:
  - Lack of control
  - No further explanations possible in case of questions
  - Flexibility for participants to complete the survey
- Participant recruitment:
  - Rather random
  - Involvement of different types of participants
  - Difficulty of finding participants (lack of incentives?)
  - High drop-off rate (survey too long?)
  - Only ca. 100 participants completed the survey

# Pandemic-related problems vs “things can always go wrong”

- Pandemic-related problems:
  - High levels of uncertainty
  - Decreased communication
- Things can always go wrong:
  - Easy shift to other distribution methods if everything is online
  - Adjust the study design
  - Reflect on the changes and solutions in the related publications/ documentations
  - Expect that things can go wrong → **risk management**

# Questions that still persist...

- What would have been potential alternative ways to respond to the changes?
  - Change study design?
  - Change research questions?
  - Decrease complexities? → “be okay with less”?
  - How do you do this when under (time) pressure?
- How do you deal with changes in plans?
  - Risk management?
  - Risk mitigation?